



Country card

Morocco





General country data

a. General data

Country	Morocco	Tunisia	France
Population ¹	36,063,159	11,694,719	69,059,887
HDI ²	0.676	0.739	0.891
HDI adjusted for inequalities	N/A	0.585	0.809
Maternal mortality ³	72.6	69	10
Gender Inequality Index ⁴	0.83	0.9	0.98
GINI Index ⁵	39.5	32.8	31.6
Refugee population (UNHCR)	7,306 refugees and 3,843 asylum seekers	1,066	368,352
Risk Management Index (INFORM) ⁶	4.1	3.1	2.2
Fragile States Index ⁷	83	68.1	30.5
Development assistance ⁸ (in millions USD)	811.65	805.27	0

b. Humanitarian law instruments ratified by the country

Humanitarian law instruments	Status
Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities	Ratified on 08/04/2009

¹ Higher Planning Commission - Morocco

² UNDP Human Development Report 2019

³ 6th National Survey on Population and Family Health - Morocco

⁴ UNDP Human Development Report 2019

⁵ The GINI index measures the extent to which the distribution of wealth (income, assets etc.) deviates from a perfectly equal distribution, within a given population.

⁶ <https://drmkc.jrc.ec.europa.eu/inform-index/INFORM-Risk/Country-Profile/moduleId/1767/id/386/controller/Admin/action/CountryProfile>

⁷ 2018: <https://fr.countryeconomy.com/gouvernement/indice-etats-fragiles>

⁸ <https://donnees.banquemondiale.org/indicateur/DT.ODA.ALLD.CD?locations=MA>



c. Geopolitical analysis

1. Social, cultural and demographic context

Morocco is a regionalised unitary parliamentary constitutional monarchy. Rabat is the capital of the kingdom. The Moroccan population is mainly composed of Berbers, Arabs, Moriscos and Haratins in the south. The official languages of Morocco are Berber and Moroccan Arabic or Moroccan Darija. Other languages are widely spoken across the country, including French, and Spanish, which is also spoken in northern regions. The kingdom has 35,740,000 inhabitants and 43% of the population was aged under 25 in 2017.

2. Political situation

The Justice and Development Party was returned to power in the 2016 legislative elections. The next elections are scheduled for 2021. In terms of its foreign policy, the country continues to position itself as a bridge between Europe and Africa, by developing economic, commercial, security and diplomatic ties with the European Union and is particularly active on the African continent, rejoining the African Union in 2016 and applying to join ECOWAS (Economic Community of West African States) in 2017.

3. Economic situation

The agricultural sector, which dominates the economy (15% of GDP), remains highly dependent on unpredictable weather conditions, despite the launch nine years ago of the Green Morocco Plan for the development of agriculture and its added value.

The country has few mineral resources, with the exception of phosphate, of which it holds 72.4% of the world's reserves. The tertiary sector has mainly benefited from the expansion in tourism, trade and telecommunications activities. In terms of economic growth, Morocco has made significant progress in several areas over the past two decades. Three regions alone produce more than half of national wealth and are among the most important in terms of value-added production in the primary (Rabat Salé Kénitra), secondary (Casablanca Settat, Rabat Salé Kenitra and Tangier Tetouan Al Hoceima) and tertiary (the same three) sectors. These are the regions with the greatest recruitment needs.



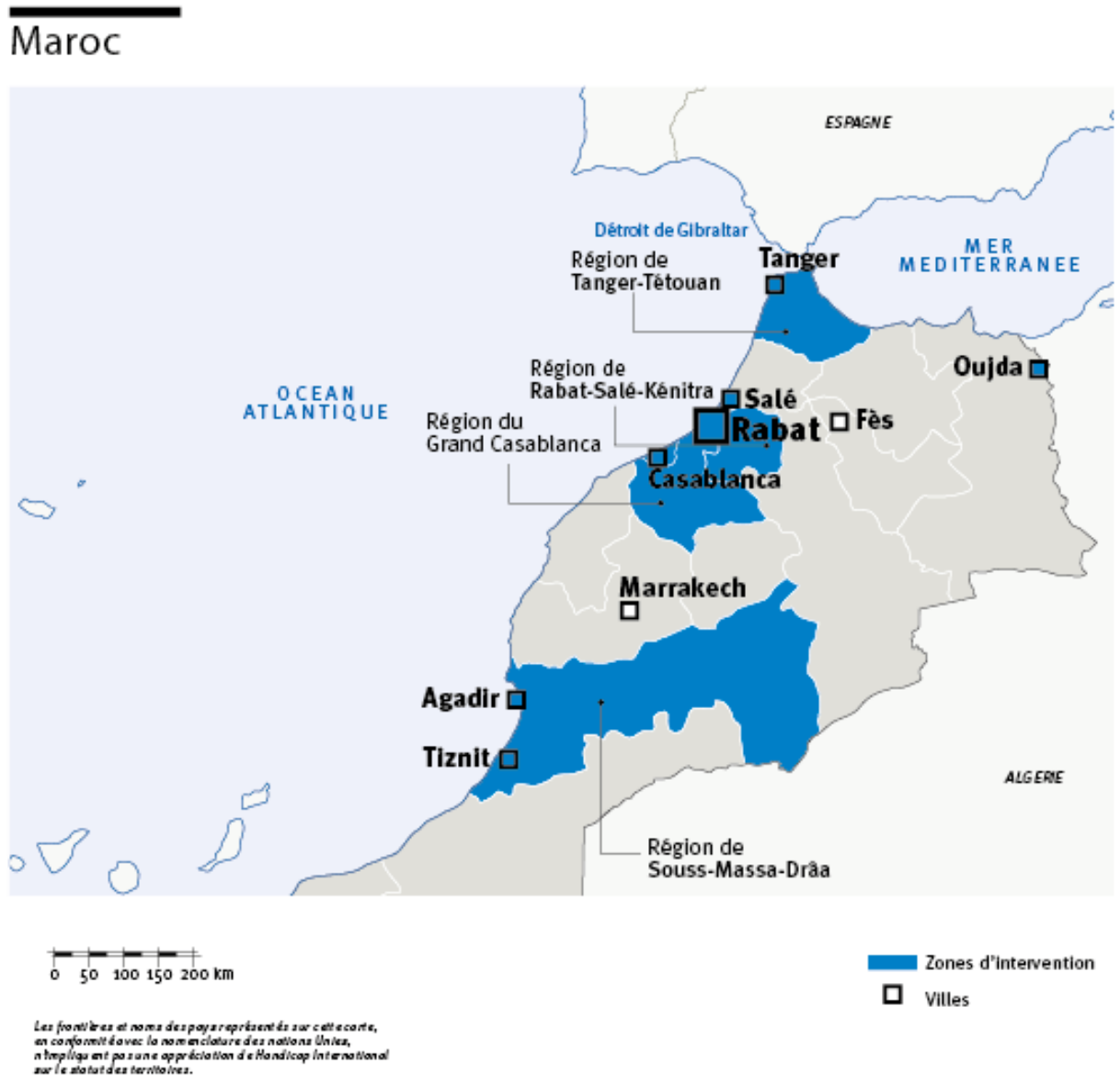
Summary of HI's work in the country

HI began working in Morocco in 1993 and is one of the few international NGOs to have signed a headquarters agreement with the Moroccan Ministry for Cooperation and Foreign Affairs (1999). For over 20 years, HI has supported the development of a strong network of disabled people's organisations (DPOs) by building their capacities for self-advocacy and action. Since 2011, in a context of reform, we have started to work more closely with the authorities to support the development and implementation of inclusive public policies. We have steadily expanded our partnerships to include other CSOs in order to promote inclusion and address the needs of other vulnerable people such as women victims of discrimination, and migrants.



HI's team and where we work

HI's team in Morocco has 15 staff members.





Current projects

Sectors where HI implements projects, focusing on beneficiaries and partners

Main sectors	Project goals in the sector	Main activities	Beneficiaries	Beneficiaries at the end of the project	Partners	Location	Project start and end date and funding bodies
Rehabilitation	Theme: Occupational therapy Objective: Improve access to rights and quality of life for people with disabilities and their families through the added value of occupational therapy components	Training of new occupational therapists (18 on average per training cycle) in Morocco Setting up basic occupational therapy training course in Morocco based on international standards, mobilisation of and support to Moroccan institutions and	Service users: 2,430 people Suppliers: 1 training institute, 12 medical or social services Decision-makers: Ministry of Health	First graduating class: 18 students ISPITS, which has an established training framework	Moroccan Ministry of Health	Rabat	DCI 2016-2020 Phase II 2021-2023 under negotiation



		<p>medical-social service providers likely to benefit from it</p> <p>Technical, financial and organisational support to the Ministry of Health and ISPITS</p>					
<p>Education - Inclusive Local Development</p>	<p>Theme: inclusive education Objective: Promote access to education for children with disabilities and encourage the primary-secondary-vocational training continuum</p>	<p>Identification and awareness-raising of key actors on inclusive practices. Implementation of a system to improve access to inclusive and quality education in pilot colleges. Awareness-raising and support to pilot vocational training colleges. Awareness-raising in schools, communities, and specialised centres. Support for schooling (technical aids, scholarships,</p>	<p>Educational professionals Children and young people with disabilities</p>	<p>AREF of Casa Settata, Tangier Tetouan El Hoceima (TTAH) 6 pilot colleges in TTAH and RSK Souss Massa TTAH vocational training centres</p>	<p>Hanane (TTAH), Ange and RBC (Casa Settata) organisations</p>	<p>RSK, TTAH, Souss Masa and Casablanca Settata</p>	<p>Project supported by the Drosos Foundation started in 2015 and completed in Dec 2020 Continuum project supported by AFD started in 2018 and scheduled to end in Dec 21</p>



		accessibility, etc.).					
Inclusive employment	Theme: inclusive employment of people with disabilities and access to salaried employment	Mapping of inclusion actors and identification of employment opportunities. Setting up pilot committees and working groups. Organisation of forums to discuss good inclusion practices. Informing and mobilising companies and employer organisations on inclusive employment. Supporting targeted employers to advance the inclusion of people with disabilities. Lesson-learning on inclusive employment good practices.	Awareness-raising of 200 companies for more inclusive and dynamic CSR (Senegal, Benin, Tunisia, Morocco) 55 employers have recruited young people with disabilities, 40% of whom are women (Morocco, Tunisia, Senegal, Benin)	In Morocco, CLIO of Saléla CGEM (civil society) and ANAPEC (National Agency for the Promotion of Employment and Competencies), Entraide Nationale (Social and Welfare Agency), Office de la Formation Professionnelle et de la Promotion du Travail (Vocational Training and Occupational Promotion Bureau), Agence de Développement Social (Social Development Agency), local authorities (institutional actors)		Morocco (regions of Casablanca, Rabat-Salé and Kenitra), Tunisia, Senegal, and Benin	First project completed in July 2020 and second on inclusive employment in Sept 2020



<p>Inclusive Employment</p>	<p>Objective: build the capacities of employment facilitation actors and companies to include people with disabilities</p>	<p>Develop an inclusive service offering for ANAPEC (National Agency for the Promotion of Employment and Competencies) and a pilot in two regions</p> <p>Mobilising companies and supporting them to adopt an inclusive approach in the recruitment and employment of employees with disabilities</p>	<p>ANAPEC (National Agency for the Promotion of Employment and Competencies) regional agencies and departments</p> <p>Companies</p>	<p>People with disabilities of working-age</p>	<p>Subcontracting Expertise France as part of a programme for the employment of vulnerable young people implemented in conjunction with Pôle Emploi (Employment Office) and Initiative France</p>	<p>Agadir, Rabat</p>	<p>October 2020-September 2022</p>
<p>Emergency/Essential needs - Migration</p>	<p>Theme: Migration</p> <p>Objective: Understand the socio-cultural determinants of access to health</p>	<p>Research</p>	<p>Actors operating in the field of migration</p>		<p>Oxfam, Economica (Research Institute)</p>	<p>5 cities where data will be collected: Casablanca, Rabat, Tangier, Agadir, Oujda</p>	<p>Aug-Oct 2020</p> <p>Outlook for the future: 36-month project, EU</p>



	for migrants						funding
Emergency/Essential needs - Migration	<p>Theme: Migration</p> <p>Objective: 1/ Improve access to services and quality of care for vulnerable migrants 2/ Build the capacities of civil society organisations for improved coordination and strategic advocacy aimed at regional and national decision-makers</p>	<p>Capacity-building for health actors and implementation of a PSS response</p> <p>Capacity-building for CSOs to better include migrants (social/legal + emergency aid) and setting up referral mechanisms</p> <p>Capacity-building for migrant organisations to promote awareness-raising and advocacy</p> <p>Implementing regional and national consultation exercises between civil society and public actors on migration issues</p>	<p>Vulnerable migrants. Local CSOs. Forum of disabled's people organisations (PAPM) Local public actors</p>	<p>Strengthened local public services and actors to better respond to the needs of migrants</p>	<p>Migration & Development, Oxfam, Samu Social of Casablanca</p>	<p>Casablanca, Agadir</p>	<p>Contract expected to be signed with the EU (36 months)</p>



Donors

<p>AFD</p> 	<p>DROSOS FOUNDATION</p> 	<p>DCI MONACO</p> 
<p>REGION BRUXELLOISE</p> 	<p>REGION AUVERGNE-RHONE-ALPES (RAURA)</p> 	<p>START NETWORK'S MERF</p> 
<p>EUROPEAN UNION</p> 		